Tex. R. Civ. P. 502.3



as amended through September 23, 2022

Rule 502.3 - Fees; Inability to Afford Fees

- (a) Fees and Statement of Inability to Afford Payment of Court Costs. On filing the petition, the plaintiff must pay the appropriate filing fee and service fees, if any, with the court. A plaintiff who is unable to afford the fees must file a Statement of Inability to Afford Payment of Court Costs. The Statement must either be sworn to before a notary or made under penalty of perjury. Upon filing the Statement, the clerk must docket the action, issue citation, and provide any other customary services.
- (b) Supreme Court Form; Contents of Statement. The plaintiff must use the form Statement approved by the Supreme Court, or the Statement must include the information required by the Court-approved form. The clerk must make the form available to any person for free without request.
- (c) Certificate of Legal-Aid Provider. If the party is represented by an attorney who is providing legal services either directly or by referral from a legal-aid provider described in Rule 145(d), the attorney may file a certificate confirming that the provider screened the party for eligibility under the income and asset guidelines established by the provider. A Statement that is accompanied by the certificate of a legal-aid provider may not be contested under (d). (d) Contest.
 - (1) Unless a certificate is filed under (c), the defendant may file a contest of the Statement at any time within 7 days after the day the defendant's answer is due. If the Statement attests to receipt of government entitlement based on indigence, the Statement may only be contested with regard to the veracity of the attestation.
 - (2) If contested, the judge must hold a hearing to determine the plaintiff's ability to afford the fees. At the hearing, the burden is on the plaintiff to prove the inability to afford fees.
 - (3) The judge may, regardless of whether the defendant contests the Statement, examine the Statement and conduct a hearing to determine the plaintiff's ability to afford fees.
 - (4) If the judge determines that the plaintiff is able to afford the fees, the judge must enter a written order listing the reasons for the determination, and the plaintiff must pay the fees in the time specified in the order or the case will be dismissed without prejudice.

Tex. R. Civ. P. 502.3

Amended effective 9/1/2016; amended December 23, 2020, effective 12/23/2020; amended July 9, 2021, effective 9/1/2021.